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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/040,092	10/19/2001	Heiji Kato	29385-68773 1054		
7590 08/03/2004 Barnes & Thornburg			EXAMINER		
			LIN, KUANG Y		
11 S. Meridian Street Indianapolis, IN 46204			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
* /			1725		
			DATE MAILED: 08/03/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/040,092		KATO ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Kuang Y. Lir		1725				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	ation appears on the c	over sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	∋ss			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, unsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statul are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, ication. days, a reply within the statuto tory period will apply and will e I, by statute, cause the applica	however, may a reply be tim ry minimum of thirty (30) days xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.			
Status								
1)  🏹	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>19 July</u> 2004.						
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)[	<ul> <li>✓ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>✓ 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>✓ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>							
Applicat	ion Papers							
,	The specification is objected to by the							
10)	0) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection	- , ,	-		4.4047.0			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the three oath or declaration is objected to be	·						
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority do  3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have been ocuments have been the priority documen al Bureau (PCT Rule	received. received in Applicati ts have been receive 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National St	age			
Attachmer	nt(s)							
2)  Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT er No(s)/Mail Date	D-948) TO/SB/08) 5	) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da ) Notice of Informal P ) Other:		52)			

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- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-3, 8-13, 16, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood and further in view of either JP 9-29,393 or JP 9-29,394.

Wood substantially shows the invention as claimed except that in his cleaning device each brush is not moved independently from the other. However, both JP '393 and '394' show to move each brush independently from the other in a roll

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clearing process such that to clean the roll while not to damage the roll surface.

It would have been obvious to move each brush of Wood independent from the other in view of the advantage.

4. Claims 4-7, 14, 15, 18, 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood in view of either JP 9-29,393 or JP 9-29,394 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of either Sadamitsu or Itaya et al.

Although Wood does not shows to provide the elongate scraper blade having shape leading edge for scraping material from the brush. However, Wood does disclose that a "beater bar" may be used to be struck by the brush thereby causes debris adhering to the brush to be thrown free (col.4, line 35+). Further, both Sadamitsu or Itaya et al show the use of blade like flicker for dislodging the foreign material from the brush. It would have been obvious to provide the brush of Wood with the blade like scraper of the secondary references to facilitate the cleaning process. With respect to the material for making the brush and the scraper, it would have been obvious to use an appropriate material for those component for properly removing debris from the roll and the brush and taking consideration of the service life thereof.

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed July 19, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
  - a. In page 5, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of the remarks applicant stated that there is no disclosure or suggestion in Wood of providing two brushes of different character to perform different functions in cleaning the casting surfaces of the casting roll at

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different times during casting operation. However, JP references do show that feature to be conventional. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

- b. Applicant further stated that there is no disclosure or suggested by the references of main brush and/or the sweeper brush being moved independently into engagement with the casting roll surfaces of the casting roll. However, JP references do teach to provide roll 5 and roll 6 with different diameter of wires and to separately operate the rolls 5 and 6 by applying a larger pressure at roll 5 at the beginning of the casting process and a smaller pressure to roll 6 at the subsequent stage of the casting process to prevent the brushes from damaging the casting roll. Thus, it would have been obvious to separately operate the roll 18 and 20 of Wood in view of JP references.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kuang Y. Lin whose telephone number is 571-272-1179. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday. 10:00-6:30..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas X Dunn can be reached on 571-272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kuang Y. Lin Primary Examiner

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7-30-04